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# Low blood sugar



## What it is and what to do

# When blood sugar is below 4 mmol/L, you must act IMMEDIATELY. Do not leave a student alone if you think blood sugar is low.

Low blood sugar is also called hypoglycemia. It can be caused by:

- Too much insulin, and not enough food Delaying or missing a meal or a snack •
- Not enough food before an activity 
  Unplanned activity, without adjusting food or insulin

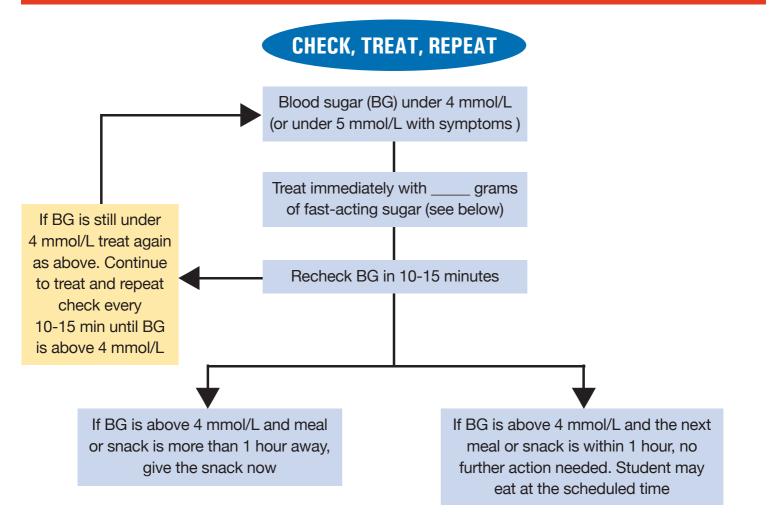
## Some of the most common symptoms of low blood sugar are:



See other side for steps to take when you suspect a student has low blood sugar.

#### **Remember:**

- 1. Low blood sugar must be treated **IMMEDIATELY**
- 2. DO NOT leave a student alone if you suspect low blood sugar
- 3. Treat the low blood sugar **WHERE IT OCCURS**. Do not bring the student to another location. Walking may make blood sugar go even lower.
- 4. Even students who are independent may need help when their blood sugar is low



## Give fast-acting sugar according to the student's care plan: either 10 g or 15 g

Amount of fast-acting sugar to give		
	10 g	15 g
Glucose tablets	2 tablets	4 tablets
Juice/pop	1⁄2 cup	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 cup
Skittles	10 pieces	15 pieces
Rockets candy	1 pkg = 7 g	2 pkgs = 14 g
Table sugar	2 tsp / 2 pkgs	1 Tbsp / 3 pkgs

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